GYNAECOLOGICAL CANCERS THINK A-G



BLEEDING

Abnormal uterine bleeding

or endometrial cancer. It is

can be a symptom of cervical

important to visualise the cervix

and exclude sexually transmitted

on a suspected cancer pathway.

infections. Refer people aged 55 and over with unexplained

post-menopausal bleeding

Supporting earlier & faster cancer diagnosis

ANY PERSISTENT SYMPTOMS?

Non-specific symptoms of ovarian cancer include:

- Abdominal distension
- Bloating
- Early satiety
- Loss of appetite
- Pelvic pain
- Urinary frequency
- Back pain
- Unintended weight loss
- Change in bowel habit

CA 125

Complete a CA125 and ultrasound scan in people with symptoms suggestive of ovarian cancer. A suspicious ovarian mass on ultrasound with or without a raised CA125 should be referred on the suspected cancer pathway. Remember 25% of cases of ovarian cancer will have a normal CA125.

EXAMINATION

It is important to examine people with symptoms of ovarian cancer for abdominal masses or signs of ascites.

FAMILY HISTORY

Up to 25% of ovarian about breast, ovarian and prostate cancer.

GREATER MANCHESTER REFERRAL PROFORMA

- Please refer all patients using the Greater Manchester form
- Ensure the patient understands the reason for referral
- Include frailty information as this helps direct patients to the most appropriate investigation or assessment

REFERRAL PROCESS FOR GREATER MCR

CA125

Ultrasound

Smear





The early cancer diagnosis resource gatewayc.org.uk/register © GatewayC, The Christie NHS Foundation Trust. 2023

cancers have a genetic cause. It is important to take a thorough family history asking specifically

DISCHARGE

D

G

A new post-menopausal discharge which may be associated with haematuria or thrombocytosis can be an indicator of endometrial cancer. Refer for ultrasound investigation.

